

Time-Varying Systems and Computations

Unit 4.3

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Standard QR Decomposition



For a square, full rank matrix

$$T = QR$$

Orthonormal matrix

$$Q^T Q = Q Q^T = 1$$

Upper triangular matrix

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} * & * & * & \dots & * \\ & * & * & \dots & * \\ & & \ddots & & \vdots \\ & & & \ddots & \vdots \\ & & & & * \end{bmatrix}$$

Alternative QR decompositions



- Standard QR Decomposition T=QR
- row-wise elimination

Transposed QRD

- T = LQ
- column-wise elimination

Flipped QRD

- T = RQ
- column-wise elimination

Flipped/Transposed QRD

row-wise elimination

Alternative QR decompositions



- The lower triangular factor allows interpretation as causal system
- Column-wise elimination corresponds to post-multiplication with Householder/Given/Generalized Rotations

Compressing columns

$$T = \left[\begin{array}{cc} 0 & R_2 \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} Q_1 \\ Q_2 \end{array} \right]$$

Alternative QR Schemes



- There exist many variations to the standard QR decomposition
- The variants differ in the eliminiation scheme
 - Row-wise elimination
 - Column-wise elimination
 - Compressing rows
 - Compressing columns

Determine orthogonal basis for row-spaces or column-spaces