

# Time-Varying Systems and Computations

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# Transfer Function LTV

Input/output map

$$y = T \cdot u$$

from state equation

$$Z^{-1}x = A \cdot x + B \cdot u$$

... extract state

$$x = (1 - ZA)^{-1} ZBu$$

... plug in output

$$y = C \cdot x + D \cdot u$$

Voilá ...

Transfer function

$$T = D + C [1 - ZA]^{-1} ZB$$

What does this mean?

# Toy Example

Finite dimensional, causal matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} T_{11} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ T_{21} & T_{22} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ T_{31} & T_{32} & T_{33} & 0 & 0 \\ T_{41} & T_{42} & T_{43} & T_{44} & 0 \\ T_{51} & T_{52} & T_{53} & T_{54} & T_{55} \end{bmatrix} = D + C(1 - ZA)^{-1}ZB$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & & & & \\ & A_2 & & & \\ & & A_3 & & \\ & & & A_4 & \\ & & & & \cdot \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} B_1 & & & & \\ & B_2 & & & \\ & & B_3 & & \\ & & & B_4 & \\ & & & & \cdot \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & & & & \\ & C_2 & & & \\ & & C_3 & & \\ & & & C_4 & \\ & & & & C_5 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} D_1 & & & & \\ & D_2 & & & \\ & & D_3 & & \\ & & & D_4 & \\ & & & & D_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Towards Transfer Function LTV

Neumann Expansion

$$\begin{aligned}(1 - ZA)^{-1} &= 1 + ZA + (ZA)^2 + (ZA)^3 + \dots \\ &= 1 + ZA + ZAZA + ZAZAZA + \dots\end{aligned}$$

Block Diagonal

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddots & & \\ & A_k & \\ & & \ddots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[1 - ZA]^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddots & & & & \\ & \ddots & 1 & & \\ & & A_1 & 1 & \\ & \ddots & A_2 A_1 & A_2 & 1 \\ & \ddots & A_3 A_2 A_1 & A_3 A_2 & A_3 & 1 \\ & & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{bmatrix}$$

# Components for Toy Example

$$[1 - ZA]^{-1} = \left[ \begin{array}{c|ccccc} 1 & 1 & & & & \\ A_1 & & 1 & & & \\ A_2A_1 & & & 1 & & \\ A_3A_2A_1 & & & & 1 & \\ \hline A_4A_3A_2A_1 & & & & & 1 \\ \hline A_5A_4A_3A_2A_1 & A_5A_4A_3A_2 & A_5A_4A_3 & A_5A_4 & A_5 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$ZB = \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & & & & \\ B_1 & 0 & & & \\ & B_2 & 0 & & \\ & & B_3 & 0 & \\ & & & B_4 & 0 \\ \hline & & & & B_5 \end{array} \right]$$

# Putting Stuff Together ...

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} C_1 & C_2 & C_3 \\ & C_4 & C_5 \\ & & C_6 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c|ccccc} 1 & & & & & \\ A_1 & 1 & & & & \\ A_2 A_1 & & 1 & & & \\ A_3 A_2 A_1 & & & 1 & & \\ A_4 A_3 A_2 A_1 & & & & 1 & \\ \hline A_5 A_4 A_3 A_2 A_1 & A_5 A_4 A_3 A_2 & A_5 A_4 A_3 & A_5 A_4 & A_5 & 1 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 0 & & & & & B_5 \\ B_1 & 0 & & & & \\ B_2 & & 0 & & & \\ B_3 & & & 0 & & \\ B_4 & & & & 0 & \\ & & & & & B_5 \end{array} \right] \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} C_1 & C_2 & C_3 \\ & C_4 & C_5 \\ & & C_6 \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c|ccccc} 0 & & & & & \\ B_1 & 0 & & & & \\ A_2 B_1 & & B_2 & & & \\ A_3 A_2 B_1 & & & B_3 & & \\ A_4 A_3 A_2 B_1 & & & & B_4 & \\ \hline A_5 A_4 A_3 A_2 B_1 & A_5 A_4 A_3 B_2 & A_5 A_4 B_3 & A_5 B_4 & B_5 & \end{array} \right] \\
 &= \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & & & & \\ C_2 B_1 & 0 & & & \\ C_3 A_2 B_1 & C_3 B_2 & 0 & & \\ C_4 A_3 A_2 B_1 & C_4 A_3 B_2 & C_4 B_3 & 0 & \\ C_5 A_4 A_3 A_2 B_1 & C_5 A_4 A_3 B_2 & C_5 A_4 B_3 & C_5 B_4 & 0 \\ \hline C_6 A_5 A_4 A_3 A_2 B_1 & C_6 A_5 A_4 A_3 B_2 & C_6 A_5 A_4 B_3 & C_6 A_5 B_4 & C_6 B_5 & 0 \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

# Considering Empty Matrices

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & & & & & \\ C_2B_1 & 0 & & & & \\ C_3A_2B_1 & C_3B_2 & 0 & & & \\ C_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_4A_3B_2 & C_4B_3 & 0 & & \\ C_5A_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_5A_4A_3B_2 & C_5A_4B_3 & C_5B_4 & 0 & \\ \hline C_6A_5A_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_6A_5A_4A_3B_2 & C_6A_5A_4B_3 & C_6A_5B_4 & C_6B_5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_1 = [\cdot], \quad C_6 = [\cdot], \quad A_1 = [\cdot] \quad A_5 = [\cdot], \quad B_5 = [\cdot]$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & & & & \\ C_2B_1 & 0 & & & & \\ C_3A_2B_1 & C_3B_2 & 0 & & & \\ C_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_4A_3B_2 & C_4B_3 & 0 & & \\ C_5A_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_5A_4A_3B_2 & C_5A_4B_3 & C_5B_4 & 0 & \end{bmatrix}$$

# Finally ...

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & & & & \\ C_2B_1 & 0 & & & \\ C_3A_2B_1 & C_3B_2 & 0 & & \\ C_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_4A_3B_2 & C_4B_3 & 0 & \\ C_5A_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_5A_4A_3B_2 & C_5A_4B_3 & C_5B_4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} D_1 & & & & \\ & D_2 & & & \\ & & D_3 & & \\ & & & D_4 & \\ & & & & D_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Transfer Matrix T

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} D_1 & & & & \\ C_2B_1 & D_2 & & & \\ C_3A_2B_1 & C_3B_2 & D_3 & & \\ C_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_4A_3B_2 & C_4B_3 & D_4 & \\ C_5A_4A_3A_2B_1 & C_5A_4A_3B_2 & C_5A_4B_3 & C_5B_4 & D_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Summary Example

Finite dimensional, causal matrix

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} T_{11} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ T_{21} & T_{22} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ T_{31} & T_{32} & T_{33} & 0 & 0 \\ T_{41} & T_{42} & T_{43} & T_{44} & 0 \\ T_{51} & T_{52} & T_{53} & T_{54} & T_{55} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= D + C(1 - ZA)^{-1}ZB$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} D_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ C_2 B_1 & D_2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ C_3 A_2 B_1 & C_3 B_2 & D_3 & 0 & 0 \\ C_4 A_3 A_2 B_1 & C_4 A_3 B_2 & C_4 B_3 & D_4 & 0 \\ C_5 A_4 A_3 A_2 B_1 & C_5 A_4 A_3 B_2 & C_5 A_4 B_3 & C_5 B_4 & D_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & & & & \\ & A_2 & & & \\ & & A_3 & & \\ & & & A_4 & \\ & & & & \cdot \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} B_1 & & & & \\ & B_2 & & & \\ & & B_3 & & \\ & & & B_4 & \\ & & & & \cdot \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & & & & \\ & C_2 & & & \\ & & C_3 & & \\ & & & C_4 & \\ & & & & C_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} D_1 & & & & \\ & D_2 & & & \\ & & D_3 & & \\ & & & D_4 & \\ & & & & D_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Empty Matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \cdot & & & \\ & A_2 & & \\ & & A_3 & \\ & & & A_4 \\ & & & \cdot \end{bmatrix}$$

$A_1 = [\cdot], \quad \dim A_1 = [0 \times 0]$

$A_5 = [\cdot], \quad \dim A_5 = [0 \times 0]$

#	operation	result
1	$- *  $	$\cdot$
2	$  * -$	$[0]$
3	$\cdot * -$	$-$
4	$  * \cdot$	$ $
5	$\cdot *  $	illegal
6	$- * [a]$	$-$
7	$[a] *  $	$ $
8	$[ - - ] \begin{bmatrix}   \\   \end{bmatrix}$	$\cdot$

Extend matrix multiplication  
(Check with Matlab)

# Transfer Function

- Compact representation of matrix  $T$
- Representation builds on state-space parameters  $(A_k, B_k, C_k, D_k)$  in block diagonal form and Shift matrix  $Z$
- Transfer Function  $T$  is identical to impulse response matrix  $T$